Clectronics today international

MAY 1977

35p





- ◆ Full sound effects ◆ On screen scoring ◆ Variable angle
- ◆ Two bat sizes ◆ Ball speed control ◆ 'Rifle' option
 - * Special offer on IC.



£15.95

ELECTRONICS TODAY

ROJECTS: HI-FI SPEAKERS
SYSTEM 68 - THE PSU
METRONOME
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MAKE YOUR TELEVISION WORK FOR ITS WATTS WITH OUR

TV GAMES UNIT

This low-cost yet sophisticated TV game contains just one main IC plus a handful of other components yet out-performs virtually all other units currently on the market.

SINCE THE ADVENT OF television games in this country, we have met with a steady tide of requests to produce a project for one ourselves. However, even with the higher integration allowed in CMOS chips, and no-one in their right minds would contemplate using TTL, it was still not viable for the home constructor. We were waiting for the single control chip to arrive on the open, as opposed to industrial, market.

At long last it has, in the form of the GI AY-3-8500, and so here is our version of a game utilising it. Figure 1 shows the kind of display produced by the chip, with its on-screen scoring facility and all. The games playable are:

- 1. PRACTISE: The ball reflects off the end and side walls, and the player has to stop it passing him. Every time it does, the machine scores a point.
- 2. SQUASH: A second bat is added to the display, and you play against each other. When it is your opponents turn, your bat will not affect the ball.
- 3. TENNIS: Television tennis is widely known and played, but see the specification section for the unusual features of our game.
- 4. FOOTBALL: The ball reflects off all four sides of the court, except the goal-mouth. This must be defended by the goalie to prevent the opposition scoring. In addition, each player has a forward on the screen, who acts as a normal bat when the ball is heading for his own goal, but allows the ball to pass through him, deflecting it in the process, when it is moving

towards the opposite goal.

Rifling the screen

In addition, there are two rifle games included on the chip, but these need a special attachment to operate, which we are not including in this article but will probably 'do up' later - especially if there is sufficient demand)

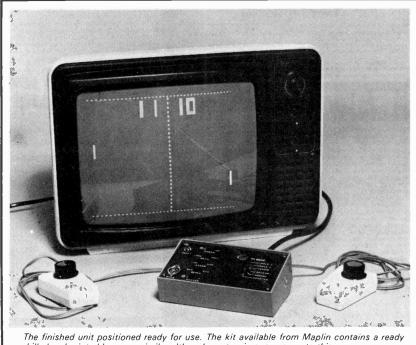
Some circuitry, additional to the main IC, in the form of two extra ICs, is required to build the basic game unit, but the complexity is still way way down on any other

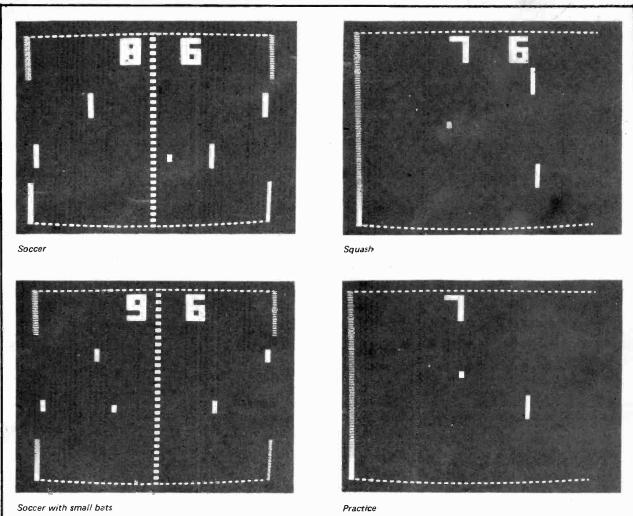
method of obtaining the same display.

Construction

Assemble the pcb, fitting the passive components and links first, along with the socket to the main chip. Leave this in its packing until you need it. Handle the CMOS chips carefully, and when fitting these, either use sockets or solder the power supply pins .7 and 14) first.

The switches will fit directly onto the board, and the rotary is





An illustration of some of the other displays produced by the unit. Note how much smaller the bats are on the soccer display — this facility is available on all the games.

-Specification

Output Picture: TV signal (can be set up on any channel).

Sound: Three audio tones indicate hit, bounce and score.

Players' Controls Each player uses a single rotary control to position his

bat/men on the screen. In the practice game one control operates; for tennis, soccer and squash two players each have a control. For the rifle games a special rifle is needed

(not described in this article).

Game Selection Basic Games:

1) Practice 2) Squash 3) Soccer 4) Tennis

Other Games (these cannot be played without a special

rifle): 5) Rifle-1

6) Rifle-2

Scoring
Other Features

On-screen scoring up to a maximum of 15 points.

Two ball speeds
Two bat sizes

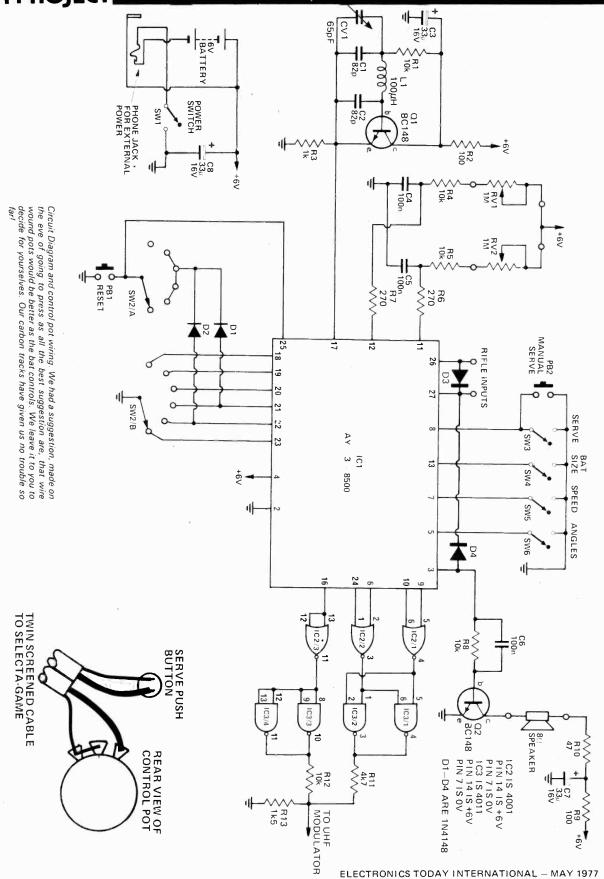
Two angles $\pm 20^{\circ}$; or four angles $\pm 20^{\circ}$ & $\pm 40^{\circ}$.

Manual or automatic service

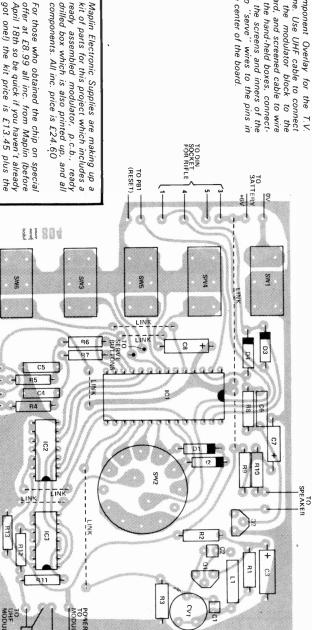
used to hold the board to the front panel, so check your soldering carefully here. Fit the link to the modulator, and the wires out to the hand-held Vero boxes which contain the control and serve button for each player. Push these out through the hopefully grommeted) holes, tying a knot in each to make sure it doesn't strain the joint if pulled, and connect up the control boxes.

Once all the connections to the board are made, attach it to the front panel using the rotary switch, and two spacers on the switches for power and angle change.

If you use our kit from Maplin, the modulator is ready built, and there is no 'tuning up' to do. Simply bolt it in to the box through the hole provided, connect up power and video, and tune in a



up the hand-held boxes, connecting the screens and inners of the two "serve" wires to the pins in game. Use UHF cable to connect up the modulator block to the board, and screened cable to wire Component Overlay for the T.V. the center of the board.



Maplin Electronic Supplies are making up a kit of parts for this project which includes a ready assembled modulator, p.c.b., ready drilled box which is also printed up, and all components. All inc. price is £24.60

voucher sent with the chip.

How it works

INTEGRATED CIRCUITS
IC1 AY-3-8500
IC2 4001 (CMOS)
IC3 4011 (CMOS)

D1 - D4

1N4148

2 2 2

viously a digital IC (because there are are defined and there is no provision told how to use it. The chip is obthe main IC works — we are only don't give much information on how for variable speed or bounce). two ball speeds, the rebound angles Unfortunately the manufacturers

oscillator is provided by Q1 and its providing calibration associated components with CV1 synchronisation of the TV set. This pulses required for line and frame the chip to derive the synchronising A 2 MHz oscillator is required for

> necting the appropriate pin of the IC and serve are simply selected by consetting) determines the vertical pos-ition of the bats on the screen. The to '0' volts. bat size, ball speed, deflection angles charge again (as set by the bat pot sync pulse and the time taken to discharged by the chip at each frame C5. The capacitors C4 and C5 are charging time of capacitors C4 and potentiometers connected as variable resistors which effectively vary the The bats are simply one megohm

Outputs from the chip are left and

sound output is buffered by Q2 to and score outputs are combined by IC2/1,2 and IC3/1,2 to produce a provide the power necessary to drive The sync and information pulses are then added by R11, 12 and 13. The is buffered by IC2/3 and IC3/3,4. composite video signal. The sync pulse ight bat, sync, ball, score and sound all on separate pins. The bats, ball

ed onto an RF oscillator er the video signal must be modulatthe antenna terminals of a TV receiv-So that the game may be fed into

2 small boxes Single 6 V battery holder 28 pin IC socket

	ā	ω	· 'ä			
DIODES	TRANSISTORS Q1,2 BC148	VARIABLE CAPACITOR CV1 65 pF trimmer	CAPACITORS C1.2 82 p ceramic, C3 33 \(\mu\) 16 V C45.6 1 \(\mu\) polyester C7.8 33 \(\mu\) 16 V	POTENTIOMETERS RVI,2 1 M lin rotary	R4.5 10 k R6.7 270 R8. 100 k R9 100 R10 47 R11 4 k 7 R11 4 k 7 R12 10 k R13 1 k 5	RESISTORS all ½W 5% R1 10 k R2 100 R3 11

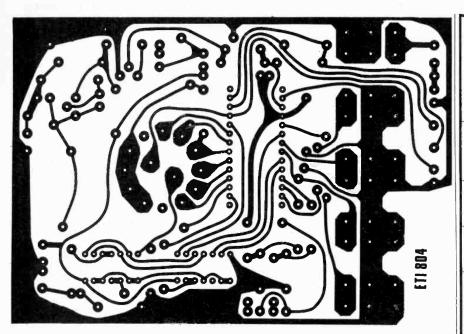
5 slide switches pcb ETI 804 MISCELLANEOUS INDUCTORS L1 100 µH

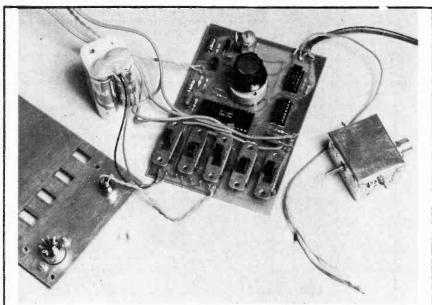
pole 6 position switch

8 ohm speaker
3.5 mm jack socket
5 pin DIN socket type 'A'
3 miniature push buttons

3 knobs

1 box





The "works" — just prior to connecting up the modulator. This is seen as the aluminium box on the right of the board. The 5 blank pins on the left of the board are for wiring to the

spare button on your TV to give a picture. Adjust C2 until the picture

Use UHF cable to link board and modulator and box and TV Screened cable is all that is required to link control boxes and main unit.

Play the game

With the angles switch at '2' the ball moves at ±20 across the screen. When hitting the side boundaries the laws of reflection

are obeyed. When the ball hits the bat this isn't always the case: a ball hitting the top half of the bat will leave with an upward trajectory, and downwards from the bottom half

With the angles switch at '4' the game becomes much more awkward! The bat is now divided into four sections. Starting from the top, the ball emerges at an angle of +40, +20, -20-40 . If you think that is easy, try playing with small bats and high speed

NEW COMPONENTS SERVICE

NEW CUMPUNENTS SERVIUE

Resistors 5% carbon E12 2.7\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 10M ¼W 1p. 1W

2p. Preset Pots subminiature 0.1W E3 100\(\frac{1}{2}\) to 4M7.

Vertical 9p. Horizontal 9p. Potentiometers 0.25W E3

4K7 to 2M2 log or in Single 24p. 0ual 75p. Polystyrene capacitors et 12 63V 22pf to 8200pf 3½p.

Ceramic capacitors vert. 50V E6 22pf to 47000pf 3½p.

Mylar capacitors 100V 001. 002. 005 4p. 01.

20, 20, 25 4½p. Polyseter capacitors 250V E6 0.1 to

1mf 5½p. 15. 22mf 7p. 47mf 11p. Electrolytics

50V 47, 1, 2mf 5p. 25V 5, 10mf 5p. 16V 22, 47mf

5p. 100mf 7p. 220mf 9p. 470mf 11p. 1000mf 18p.

Zener diodes 400mW E24 3V3 to 33V B½p.

MAINS TRANSFORMERS

6-0-6V 100mA 94p. 9-0-9V 75mA 94p. 18V 1A £195. 0/12/15/20/24/30V 1A £3 65. 12-0-12V 50mA 94p. 0/12/15/20/24/30V 2A £4 95. 6.3V 1½A £2.10. 6-0-6V 1½A £2.55. 9-0-9V 1A £2 19. 12-0-12V 1A £2.49. 15-0-15V 1A £2.69. 30-0-30V 1A £3 39.

PRINTED CIRCUIT KITS ETC *

Contains etching dish, 100 sq ins of pc board, 1lb ferric chloride, etch resist pen, drill bit and laminate cutter £3.65 100 sq ins pc board 75p. 1lb FeC1 95p. Etch resist pen 75p.

S-DECS AND T-DECS *

S-0eC £1.94. T-DeC £3.61. u-0eCA £3.97. u-0eC8 £6.97. IC carriers with sockets: 16 dil £1.91. 10T05 £1.79.



SINCLAIR CALCULATORS. WATCHES AND POCKET TV ★

Sinclair pocket TV £165. Cambridge Scientific £8.95. Cambridge Memory £5.95. Oxford Scientific £13.30. Mains adaptors (state model) £3.20. Assembled grey watch with free stainless steel bracelet £16.45. White watch £13.95

BATTERY ELIMINATOR BARGAINS

BATTERY ELIMINA 10.

3-WAY MODELS

With switched output and 4-way multi-jack connector.
Type 1: 3 / 4½ / 6V at 100mA £2:30. Type 2: 6 / 7½/9V at 300mA £2:90.

100mA RADIO MODELS

With press-stud connectors 9V £3:45:6V £3:45.9V + 9V £5:45:6V + 6V £5:45.4VV + 4½V £5:45.9V + 9V £5:45:6V £3:45:6V £3:45:

Switched output of 3/6/7½/9V 400mA stabilized. CAR CONVERTORS £5.10 Input 12V OC. Output 6/7½/9V OC 1Amp stabilized.

BATTERY ELIMINATOR KITS

Send sae for free leaflet on range.

100m radio types with press stud battery terminals.

1½V £2.10. 6V £2.10. 9V £2.10. 4½V + 4½V £2.50.

6V +6V £2.50. 9V +9V £2.50.

Cassotte type: 7½V 100mA with 0IN plug £2.10.

Transistor stabilized 8-way type for low hum.

3/4½/6/7½/9/12/15/18V 100mA £3.20. 1 Amp.
£6.50.

£6.50.

Meavy duty 13-way types 4½/6/7/
8½/11/13/14/17/21/25/28/34/42V. 1 Amp model £4.95. 2 Amp model £7.95.

Car convertor kit: Input 12V DC. Output 6/7½/9V OC 1A transistor stabilized £1.95.

Stabilized Laboratory power kit. Switched 1 to 30V in 0.1V steps. 1 Amp £12.45. 2 Amp £14.95.

SINCLAIR PROJECT 80 AUDIO

PZ5 £4.95 Z40 £5.75. Project 805Q £20.95.

BI-PAK AUDIO MODULES

S450 tuner £20.95 AL60 £4.60. PA100 £14.95.

MK60 audio kit £31.95. Stereo 30 £16.95. SPM80 £3.65. BMT80 £3.32. Send sae for free data **SAXON ENTERTAINMENTS MODULES** \$A1208 £16.95. \$A1204 £11.95. \$A608 £11.45. PM1201/8 £10.95. PM1202/8 £15.95.

SINCLAIR IC20

SINCLAIN IDEA IC20 10W+10W stereo integrated circuit amplifier kit with printed circuit and data £4.95 P220 Power supply kit for above £3.65. VP20 Volume, tone-control and preamp kit £8.95. Send sae for free leaflet on the whole system.

JC12 AND JC40 AMPLIFIERS

JC12 6W IC audio amp with free data

THE model with pcb £3.95. Send sae for free leaflet on both associated power supply and pre-amp kits.

FERRANTI ZN414

IC radio chip £1.44. Extra parts and pcb for radio £3.85. Case £1. Send sae for free data.

SWANLEY ELECTRONICS

Dept. ETI, PO Box 68, 32 Goldsel Road Swanley, Kent
Mail order only. No callers. Send sae for free data on kits. Post 30p on orders under £4.50, otherwise free. Prices include VAT. Official orders welcome. Overseas customers please deduct 7% on items marked * and 11% on others.